

D. F. BRADLEY, Editor.

PICKENS C. H., S. C.:

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1880.

TERMS:

For subscription, \$1.50 per annum, for six months, 75 cents; strictly in advance.

Advertisements inserted at one dollar per square of one inch or less for the first insertion and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion. Liberal discount made to merchants and others advertising for six months or by the year.

Obituary Notices and Tributes of Respect charged for as advertisements.

Announcing Candidates five dollars, in advance.

Snow in Virginia on the 14th.

A Democratic majority in the California Legislature is reported.

In spite of everything the South is prosperous.

Let the South be solid now in regard to honest hard work, and no vapouring.

Gen. Toombs is still insisting that the amendments to the Constitution are unconstitutional and revolutionary. Old Bob continues to boil over dead issues. He needs to be born again.

Senator Butler agrees with Hampton that we should stand by the Northern Democracy. He desires a State Convention to revise the Constitution.

The Radical organs are rather pleased with Ben Hill's letter. The Baltimore American and Philadelphia Press smoothes him down gently and says he is a clever fellow for abandoning the "dead" State's Rights doctrine.

Gen. Sherman will attempt to prove after a while, that he never burned anything in his march to the sea. He is mighty anxious to escape burning in this world.

A Candalaria, Nevada, dispatch says John C. Calhoun, a nephew of the late South Carolina Senator has become insane and imagines himself the Saviour. A wound received in the late war is the cause of the insanity.

Mr. G. B. Koon, of Union, raised on an eighth of an acre of land twenty six and a quarter bushels of potatoes—210 bushels to the acre.

The County Treasurer's office of Barnwell was recently robbed of \$4,500 in cash. The robbers used a duplicate wooden key to open the safe. This is the second County Treasurer of South Carolina robbed recently.

Wm. Mattox, an inoffensive old white man, was brutally murdered at his house near Donalds Depot, Abbeville County, on the night of the 17th inst. Two men asked for lodgings, and it being denied they entered the house and demanded Mattox's money, not getting it they killed him and took \$700. No clue to the murderers has yet been discovered. The wife of the deceased was in an adjoining room.

James D. Williams, ("Blue Jeans") Governor of Indiana, died at Indianapolis last Saturday, after an illness of two or three weeks. He was a man of the people, and led the Democratic party of his State to success in the desperate battle of 1876, winning in an old fashioned "hard cider and log cabin" campaign. He made an excellent Governor, and his death will be generally mourned.

Ex-Governor Brown.

This unknown Pickensite has turned out to be a famous Georgian. Gov. Brown was elected United States Senator by the Georgia Legislature, last week, on the first ballot, by a handsome majority. Every one will commend the wisdom of the Georgia Legislature in conferring this honor upon one whose past record shows beyond a doubt that he is eminently fitted to fill this responsible position.

The Board on the Boxes.

The action of the State Board of Canvassers makes no change in the results of the election as already announced, except as regards Charleston. In the case of this County, the State Board have admitted two boxes which had been rejected by the County Board. It is thought this will greatly diminish O'Connor's majority, if it does not defeat his election.

Thanksgiving Day.

This day (Thursday) has been appointed by the National and State executives for a day of thanksgiving and prayer. From time immemorial all enlightened nations have been accustomed at stated times to acknowledge, by public thanksgiving, the goodness and mercy of the Supreme Being. The Romans had their Saturnalia, a national holiday, in which the meanest classes were allowed unlimited freedom in the enjoyment of their unbridled passions.

Their corrupt passions were the gods of the Romans. Their nationality is a thing of the past. They offered it a willing sacrifice to their blind deities. The fall of that great Empire is a monument of warning, to which all nations will do well to look. The acknowledgment of the Supreme Being is the only sure foundation, upon which abiding, national prosperity can rest. How important, then, that this proclamation should be sacredly observed by every one who feels an interest in the prosperity of our country.

As a State we have great reason to be thankful to the Giver of all good. We have been blest with an abundant harvest; and this blessing has been augmented ten-fold, by the assurance that for the next two years we shall have good and faithful servants to administer public affairs.

Contrasting this with other nations, we have cause for gratitude, the most profound. Some of the Imperial Powers of the Eastern Hemisphere, have been well nigh moved from their firm pedestals, by the convulsions of war. The oppression of Landlords, and the proximate starvation of thousands resulting therefrom has plunged noble Old Erin into a scene of confusion. The pestilence that walketh in darkness, and the destruction that wasteth at noon-day, have invaded many happy countries, but these chastisements, a Beneficent Father has kept aloof from our borders. The God of nature has raised us high in the scale of existence, and may the children of American freedom ever merit the proud eminence.

Immigration to the Piedmont Belt.

By the unprecedented exertions of the enterprising Air Line Railroad Company, immigration to the Piedmont Belt is beginning in earnest. The following from the Atlanta Constitution of the 20th instant, will show with what success an emigrant agent from Georgia has met in Switzerland: ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, Nov. 19.—I will leave Havre on Saturday, December 4th, with one hundred emigrants for the Piedmont Belt.

C. A. BEIDERMAN.

We would gladly welcome some of these hardy Swiss to our own fertile section, feeling assured that the mountains, valleys and sparkling waters of upper South Carolina would give them sweet associations of their original home, and make them prosperous and happy.

Thirty-Four Years of Usefulness.

Our esteemed contemporary the *Laurensville Herald*, with its last issue, November 19th, began its thirty fifth volume. The editors of this enterprising journal are worthy contributors to everything calculated to advance the interests of our State and we bespeak for them the liberal patronage which they have so eminently deserved.

The Supreme Court of the United States consists of nine Justices. During the next year four of them will probably go out by death or resignation. Of course Republicans will be appointed to fill their places. The Court will then stand eight Republicans to one Democrat, Judge Field. As now constituted the Court is not able to keep up with its work. It is now three years behind with its Calendar and constantly falling further behind. Some change must be made to enable the Court to keep up with its duties, as the present state of affairs cannot be permitted to stand.—What that change shall be is with the Republicans also.

Young man, before beginning to read medicine or law, ask yourself if it would not be better to read agriculture and practice it. Are not the so called learned professions crowded to their utmost capacity? Is there not a more inviting field open before you as a learned farmer, than a learned lawyer, divine or doctor? To attain distinction in any of these professions you will, most likely, have to go through the starving process for several years, and to labor harder than any farmer labors. Think of these things. If you don't think of them now, you will think of them often before you make a living by your profession.

[From the Greenville Mountaineer.]

The Policy of Proscription.

Pursuant to adjourned meeting, Tiger Democratic Club met at Masons Hall, Tiger, Greenville County, South Carolina, on November 8th, Capt. E. L. Jennings, President, in the chair, T. E. Ewart, secretary, pro tem. The club being called to order, Captain Jennings in an appropriate and very enthusiastic and stirring speech, announced the meeting ready for business.

On motion a committee handed in the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, viz:

1st. That we the members of Tiger Club, have the good of our entire country at heart.

2d. That we do not believe a fair administration of the laws will be given us by the Radical party in South Carolina, nor does that party consider the interests of either white or black.

3d. That prior to the election held on 2d November last we urged upon our colored citizens the importance of voting with the Democratic party, the party from which they derive all their support and recognition. Yet in spite of our pleading they almost to a man voted the Radical ticket.

4th. That from henceforth we pledge ourselves to discard any man, white or black, who voted with the Radical party, and that we will not rent any of our lands to, or have upon our premises, such men until they prove their sincerity to an honest government or the Democratic party by their works and deeds.

5th. That we earnestly call upon the people of our county and State to join hands with us in this matter as the only course for the people to save the government from corruption and fraud.

6th. That we beg the citizens and merchants of Greenville city to discharge from their employ any white or black Radical and fill their places with Democrats.

7th. That we discountenance any man who will violate any of the above resolutions and consider him wanting in loyalty to his party, and spot him as an enemy to good government.

8th. That no tenant whom we may have on our places shall be allowed to have in their employ any white or black Radical.

9th. That any voter—a stranger to us—who may apply to us for employment must produce satisfactory papers that he is a Democrat.

10th. That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the Greenville papers for publication, and that all other papers in South Carolina friendly to good and honest government publish also.

L. J. JENNINGS, Pres. Club.

Committee—D. H. Noe, G. J. McMechan, J. W. Ballenger, W. P. Bates, G. J. Southern.

The latest low country agony was

a reported attempt to Ku-Klux ex-Judge Townsend in Bennettsville, Marlboro county. The ex Judge was leader of the lately deceased Independent party and claimed to have been dragged out of his house a few nights since, gagged, and—let go again.

Later developments however go to show that the affair was simply a drunken freak of one man, who offered no violence beyond an attempt to take the victim towards the Democratic headquarters, which was promptly interfered with by persons in the streets, it being early in the evening.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—The following gentlemen have been elected officers of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Association:

President—B. F. Crayton, Anderson; Vice Presidents—E. R. McIver, Darlington; W. G. Hinson, Charleston; J. Wash Watts, Laurens; B. H. Masser, York; A. P. Butler, Aiken.

Executive Committee—Wm. Wallace, Columbia; J. N. Huffman, Lexington; J. S. B. mberg, Barnwell; E. L. Roche, Charleston; N. C. Roberson, Fairfield; L. C. Thomas, Kershaw; D. P. Duncan, Union.

Secretary and Treasurer—T. W. Holloway, Pomaria.

SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.—A few days ago near Marietta, Ga., persons were driven from the field in which they were engaged picking cotton, by stones which rose from the ground and fell upon them. About the same time the telegraphic operator at Ozark Arkansas, reports that on the top of White Oak mountain, two miles north of Ozark, stones two pounds or less in weight have been rising from the earth and falling like hail, driving families out into the fields.

Sufficient returns have been received to show that the constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquors in Kansas has been adopted by at least 20,000 majority. The friends of temperance made special efforts in favor of the amendment on election day, that being the principal question in most localities. In all the cities, and many small towns, the ladies electrified for the cause of temperance, and had tempting lunches spread in the vicinity of the polls, which voters partook of freely, the only consideration being a promise to vote for the amendment.

A DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—A house occupied by a family of negroes, and in it two small colored children, were burned during the day yesterday near Mr. James Green's, on the Batesville road, some 6 or 8 miles from the city. The names of the occupants could not be ascertained, although the news of burning was well rumored last night. From reports the children must have been the only ones in or about the house at the time, and it is supposed the fire occurred by accident. No particulars beyond the main facts above related have been ascertained.—*Greenville News*, 23d inst.

Contest over New York's electoral vote is all tumbog. It probably was manufactured for Wall street. Men who lost six points in the deal after Garfield's Election start any lie and catch at any straw.—*Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Constitutionalist*.

[FOR THE SENTINEL.]

JOHN E. GILLESPIE—DEAR SIR AND BROTHER: Your answer to my questions No. 1 and 2, causes me again to write. I see in your answer this time you have given the pastor the power of one member, while in the first answer he received none. As to the church, the Savior says, "Thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my church," &c. "I give unto thee the keys of Heaven, and the power to bind and loose," &c. I am glad that the keys were given to the church. I have been reading where the Savior commissioned his apostles, and also where he sent his disciples out by twos, and I think you had better look and see whether they received any power. You remember the answer to the query gave them none, and if that be so, I ask again, why do churches ordain ministers? Read 1st Peter 5th chapter, 2d and 3d verses. You find that he (the minister) is not to lord over God's heritage; but I learn that he is set as a watchman, and that he is, according to Paul to Timothy 3d chapter, 5th verse, to take care of the church. Paul (1st Cor., 9th chap.) speaks of having power to forbear working. Now if you can prove to me by the word of God that he has no power or that every church member has equal power, I am ready to learn; I learn against an elder. Receive not an accusation but before two or three witnesses. 2d query—As for any church having ruling power over the pastor, I learn every church to be an independent body as to any other head than Christ; while you claim that the one church. I learn that we are of Adam's posterity, and while we are of one blood we locate in different parts of the earth and every family has its rules and every nation its laws and they are dependent upon the same God. But I have no power over your rules if you are law-abiding. I learn that Paul established churches in different places, and I read where he tells the Corinthians he had robbed other churches, taking wages to do them service, and I don't learn that your church has any ruling power over any minister unless you have one whose membership is in your church, and as for two or three having rule over him, because the Scripture says, in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word shall be established. I learn in our civil courts that two or three witnesses establish facts and the court and jury find the prisoner guilty and pass sentence—not the witnesses. So I find in the churches that two or three witnesses from the church of your membership may claim a minister guilty of a crime, but the church tries the case by the Word and passes sentence. So the Word is the power of both church and minister, accompanied by the Holy Spirit. JAS. T. BENDISE.

BRADFORD, PA., November 11.—A special from Bordell City says that a terrible accident took place in a boarding house near there last night. A number of men were sitting around the fire and one of them to make it burn better poured a cup of kerosene on it. The remains of the oil in the cup took fire and the man threw it down into an open pail of kerosene which at once exploded, covering all the men with burning oil and setting the house on fire. The men ran out of doors with their clothing in flames, and four out of the five were burned to death. In the ruins of the burned building were found the charred bodies of four other men who at the time of the accident were asleep in the upper story.

THE TRASH ON TOP.—After the examination of the charges against the Chick Springs managers before U. S. Commissioner Blythe yesterday and the discharge of the accused, a bit of pleasantries was indulged in by the court and several Democrats who were present. The accused having been exonerated from fraud or intention of fraud, Commissioner Blythe said: "The Chick Springs managers have made a good showing; if no more fraud was shown at other boxes than at the Chick Springs box it would not amount to much so far as this State is concerned."

"143 Republican votes is a pretty good showing," ironically remarked one of the managers.

"You had the 'draw' on us this time," replied the Commissioner.

"Radical votes will come to the top," retorted Mr. H. M. Barton, of Chick Springs.

"Did you never trash peas, Mr. Blythe?"

"Oh yes."

"Well you know," continued Mr. B, "when you shake them up, the 'trash' will always come to the top."

This proved a clincher and brought down the house with roars of laughter.—*Greenville News*, 23d inst.

A lady in Georgia laid away a shawl which had wrapped her children when they had the measles. Two years afterward, she wrapped a neighbor's child in the same shawl, and the child took the measles from it.

The South Carolina census includes the following townships: Giddy Swamp, Due West, Long Cane, Tabernacle, Dark Corner, Alligator, Ebenezer, Sammy Swamp, Pee Dee, Pot-catalg, Scuffletown, Privateer, Swimming Pens, Pumpkintown and Turkey.

There are 886 patients in the Georgia Lunatic Asylum—white, 709; colored, 177. The trustees ask for an appropriation of \$125,000 for the support of the institution for each of the years 1881-1882.

Col. A. M. Speights, of Greenville, will assume management of the "Merchants Hotel," at Spartanburg soon.

Last Friday was President elect Garfield's forty-ninth birthday.

Pumpkintown Items.

NOVEMBER 22, 1880.

Mr. B. D. Galloway has a con-sucking on the evening of the 23d. Mr. — has bought a new bug-gy.

There has been an army scrape at the Hancock Hotel. The particulars are unknown. Will give them to you in my next.

PUMPKINTOWN.

A young lady, having read about a man having invented a stove which will consume its own smoke, hopes he will next devise a method whereby tobacco smokers can be run on the same economical principle.

Peter K. Bargar is the latest example of a good man gone wrong. He defaulted to the tune of \$50,000 during ten years, and has been sentenced to the penitentiary for eight years. He was the trusted manager of the extensive Jermyn coal works, of Seranton, Pa., held a high social position, owned one of the handsomest houses in the town, was superintendent of a Sunday school and, in the eyes of the community, his sobriety, industry and worth had gained him the greatest respect.

MIRACULOUS POWER.—The *Forest and Stream* has it: "To preserve health use Warner's Safe Remedies. These are almost of miraculous power in removing diseases for which recommended. The wonderful curative qualities they are possessed of is vouched for by tens of thousands."

FOUND.

THE OWL FACED FOR WHOM I offered a reward and who was found shoveling mud for the Garfield boom has been recovered, and he has revealed to me the fact that while shoveling mud he discovered a rich vein of Lime and one of Salt. I have had

One Car Load Lime, and One Car Load Salt.

Dug and shipped, and I just want enough now from my friends to pay the expenses at \$1 per bbl. for the Lime, and \$1.10 per sack for fine ground Alum Liverpool Salt.

I am this week receiving my second installment of Woolin Goods—you will find fully replenished, and prices still lower than before. Another large lot of Prints at 5 cents per yard.

I am determined to bring trade to my store, and know of no way to accomplish this, except to make my profits as short as possible.

Six Sacks Coffee and 75 bbls. Flour just arrived, and they must be sold. Try me on your way to Greenville, and if you are buying intelligently and know prices in Greenville, you will not go.

Readsteads at \$2.00—always on hand. After this week, parties owing me, who have made no satisfactory arrangement, may expect an officer. I can not afford to come to see you—pay up and save trouble.

E. R. HORTON.

Liberty, S. C.

Sept 23, 1880

0 2m

"FASHIONS"

For 1880 and 1880.

SOUTHERN CALENDAR CLOCK COMPANY, St. Louis, Missouri, Celebrated Calendar Clock "Fashion." For sale only by their duly authorized salesmen. It gives the hours, minutes and seconds, shows the month, day of the month, week and day of the week, with wonderful accuracy. It will last One Hundred Years, and should be in possession of every family in the land who appreciate the value of Correct Time, and feel the necessity and importance of working by it.

Beware of jealousy. It has recently come to our notice that certain interested parties, jealous of our success, are trying to use the great popularity of our Calendar Clocks "Fashions" for their own benefit by asserting that they can and will sell the same for less money than the price charged by our salesmen.

For the information of our patrons and all others interested, we state that

One Thousand Dollars

Will be paid, on demand, to any person who has heretofore, or may hereafter, purchase a Calendar Clock "Fashion" for less money than the price charged by our salesmen, or from any other parties in America, except the same has been obtained through parties to whom we have sold it.

Five Thousand Dollars

Will be paid for the exhibition of a movement like the "Fashion," or for one equal to it, either in size, weight, style or finish, or durability. We make this statement with Malice Toward None and Charity for All.

Very respectfully,

SOUTHERN CALENDAR CLOCK CO.

J. C. HAYDEN, Salesman for Pickens and Oconee Counties.

Nov 25, 1880

10

1

Notice to Debtors & Creditors.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of JOHN O'BRYAN, deceased, must present them duly proved; and those indebted must make payment to the undersigned. J. C. O'BRYAN, Adm'r.

Nov 18, 1880

9

4

Notice to Debtors & Creditors.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of JOHN FENDLEY, deceased, must present them duly proved, and those indebted must make payment to the undersigned. THOS. P. LOOPER, Adm'r.

Nov 18, 1880,

9

4

VALUABLE

Easley Property for Sale.

I WILL sell to the highest bidder at Easley Station, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of December 1880, at 11 o'clock, the following REAL ESTATE situated in the town of Easley. FIVE LOTS fronting on Main street in the heart of the town. On Lot No. 1 is situated the Holcombe Store House. On Lot No. 2 is the Store House occupied by T. M. Welborn and the Holcombe office. On Lot No. 3 is the Welborn old Bar-room. On Lot No. 4 is the Tyler Hill Store House. On Lot No. 5 is the Postoffice.

ALSO, FOUR LOTS, fronting each 100 feet on Sardine street, and running back 110 feet deep.

ALSO, ONE HOUSE and LOT known as the Cur-ton Lot, containing One Acre, more or less, and known on the plat as Lots Nos. 68 and 69.

ALSO, ONE HOUSE and LOT known as the Thackston Lot, containing Sixteen Acres of fine cultivable Land. The House has four finished rooms. On this Lot is a good well of water and necessary out buildings.

TERMS—One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one and two years, with interest payable annually from day of sale, secured by bond of purchaser and mortgage of premises. Purchasers to pay extra for papers.

G. W. TAYLOR, Esq., at Pickens Court House will show plats of these Lands and give any information desired concerning the same.

ELLISON A. SMYTHE, Assignee.

Nov 11, 1880

8

4

Sheriff's Sales.

The State of South Carolina.

COUNTY OF PICKENS.

BY virtue of sundry Lien Warrants to me directed, I will make the following sales, at the times and places, herein after mentioned, to wit,

1st. At Pickens Court House during the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in December next, Three Bales of Cotton; One Lot of Seed Cotton and One Lot of Cotton Seed; and on Tuesday following between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock P. M., at the residence of U. W. Hopkins, on Twelve Mile River, known as the Kirksey-Baker Farm, about Two Hundred Bushels of Corn. One lot of Fodder and One lot of Shucks; sold as the property of U. W. Hopkins and Chesley B. Yates, at the suit of James K. Kirksey.

2d. At Liberty Depot, on Wednesday following, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M., Five Bales of Cotton; One lot of Seed Cotton; One lot of Cotton Seed and One lot of Fodder; sold as the property of William K. Buggs, at the suit of Thomas H. Smith.

3d. At Hunter's Gin on Twelve Mile River, between the hours of 10 o'clock and 11 o'clock A. M. on Thursday following, One Bale of Cotton and One lot of Cotton Seed; and on the same day between the hours of 1 o'clock and 2 o'clock P. M., at the residence of Thos. Gaubrell, about 22 miles from Hunter's Gin, about Twenty five bushels of Corn; One lot of Fodder; One lot of Cotton Seed.

Terms Cash.

JOAB MAULDIN, s. r. c.

Nov 18, 1880

9

3

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF PICKENS.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will sell on Saleday in December next, at Pickens Court House, South Carolina, All the Right Title and Interest of Sarah J. Ferguson and her children by Arthur Ferguson in or to that certain Piece of Land, situate in Pickens County, South Carolina, on Town Creek, adjoining lands of J. D. Ferguson, James Hendricks, J. E. Hagood and others, and containing Two Hundred and Twenty-five Acres, more or less. The said interest being the remainder in fee in said lands after the termination of the life estate of Anna Ferguson.

Levied on as the property of the said Sarah J. Ferguson and others, at the suit of Anna Ferguson.

TERMS CASH—Purchaser to pay for papers.

Nov 11, 1880

8

4

Sheriff's Sales.

The State of South Carolina.

PICKENS COUNTY.

BY virtue of sundry executions to me directed, I will sell on Saleday in December next,

All that certain Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in Pickens County, South Carolina, adjoining lands of W. T. Field's, J. Jamison and others, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less. It being the same conveyed to Carter Roe by Daniel Hollingsworth, on the 16th December, 1879.

Levied upon as the property of Daniel Hollingsworth, at the suit of R. E. Holcombe and others.

TERMS CASH—Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

Nov 11, 1880

8

4

Coroner's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry executions, lodged in my office, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder, during